**Universidad ICESI**

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**Análisis de complejidad espacial de algoritmos de ordenamiento.**

**Insertion sort:**

public static void insertionSortImperative(int[] input) {

     for (int i = 1; i < input.length; i++) {

         int key = input[i];

         int j = i - 1;

         while (j >= 0 && input[j] > key) {

             input[j + 1] = input[j];

             j = j - 1;

         }

         input[j + 1] = key;

        }

}

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Tipo** | **Variable** | **Cantidad de valores atómicos** |
| **Entrada** | input | n |
| **Auxiliar** | key | 1 |
| i | 1 |
| j | 1 |
| **Salida** |  |  |

Sea n = input

Complejidad Espacial Total = Entrada + Auxiliar + Salida = n + 1 + 1 + 1 = n + 3 = **θ(n)**

Complejidad Espacial Auxiliar = 1 + 1 + 1 = **θ(1)**

Complejidad Espacial Auxiliar + Salida = 1 + 1 + 1 = **θ(1)**

**Radix sort:**

private static int **findMaximumNumberIn**(int[] arr) {

     return Arrays.stream(arr).max().getAsInt();

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Tipo** | **Variable** | **Cantidad de valores atómicos** |
| **Entrada** | arr | n |
| **Auxiliar** |  |  |
| **Salida** | return | 1 |

Complejidad Espacial Total = Entrada + Auxiliar + Salida = n + 1 = **θ(n)**

Complejidad Espacial Auxiliar = 0 = **θ(0)**

Complejidad Espacial Auxiliar + Salida = 0 + 1 = **θ(1)**

private static int **calculateNumberOfDigitsIn**(int number) {

     return (int) Math.log10(number) + 1; // valid only if number > 0

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Tipo** | **Variable** | **Cantidad de valores atómicos** |
| **Entrada** | number | 1 |
| **Auxiliar** |  |  |
| **Salida** | return | 1 |

Complejidad Espacial Total = Entrada + Auxiliar + Salida = 1 +1= **θ(1)**

Complejidad Espacial Auxiliar = 0 = **θ(0)**

Complejidad Espacial Auxiliar + Salida = 0 + 1 = **θ(1)**

private static void **applyCountingSortOn**(int[] numbers, int placeValue) {

     int range = 10; // radix or the base

     int length = numbers.length;

     int[] frequency = new int[range];

     int[] sortedValues = new int[length];

     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {

         int digit = (numbers[i] / placeValue) % range;

            frequency[digit]++;

     }

     for (int i = 1; i < range; i++) {

            frequency[i] += frequency[i - 1];

     }

     for (int i = length - 1; i >= 0; i--) {

         int digit = (numbers[i] / placeValue) % range;

            sortedValues[frequency[digit] - 1] = numbers[i];

            frequency[digit]--;

     }

        System.arraycopy(sortedValues, 0, numbers, 0, length);

}

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Tipo** | **Variable** | **Cantidad de valores atómicos** |
| **Entrada** | numbers | m |
| placeValue | 1 |
| **Auxiliar** | range | 1 |
| length | 1 |
| frecuency | m |
| sortedValues | m |
| i | 1 |
| digit | 1 |
| **Salida** |  |  |

Complejidad Espacial Total = Entrada + Auxiliar + Salida =m+ 1+ 1 + 1 +1+1+m+m= 3m + 5 = **θ(m)**

Complejidad Espacial Auxiliar = 1 + 1 + 1 + +1+m+m= **θ(m)**

Complejidad Espacial Auxiliar + Salida =1 + 1 + 1 + +1+m+m= **θ(m)**

 public static void radixSort(int numbers[]) {

        int maximumNumber = findMaximumNumberIn(numbers);

        int numberOfDigits = calculateNumberOfDigitsIn(maximumNumber);

        int placeValue = 1;

        while (numberOfDigits-- > 0) {

            applyCountingSortOn(numbers, placeValue);

            placeValue \*= 10;

        }

    }

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Tipo** | **Variable** | **Cantidad de valores atómicos** |
| **Entrada** | numbers | n |
| **Auxiliar** | maximunNumber | 1 |
| numberOfDigits | 1 |
| placeValue | 1 |
| **Salida** |  |  |

Complejidad Espacial Total = Entrada + Auxiliar + Salida = n + 1 + 1 + 1 = **θ(n)**

Complejidad Espacial Auxiliar = 1 + 1 + 1 = **θ(1)**

Complejidad Espacial Auxiliar + Salida = 1 + 1 + 1 + 0 = **θ(1)**